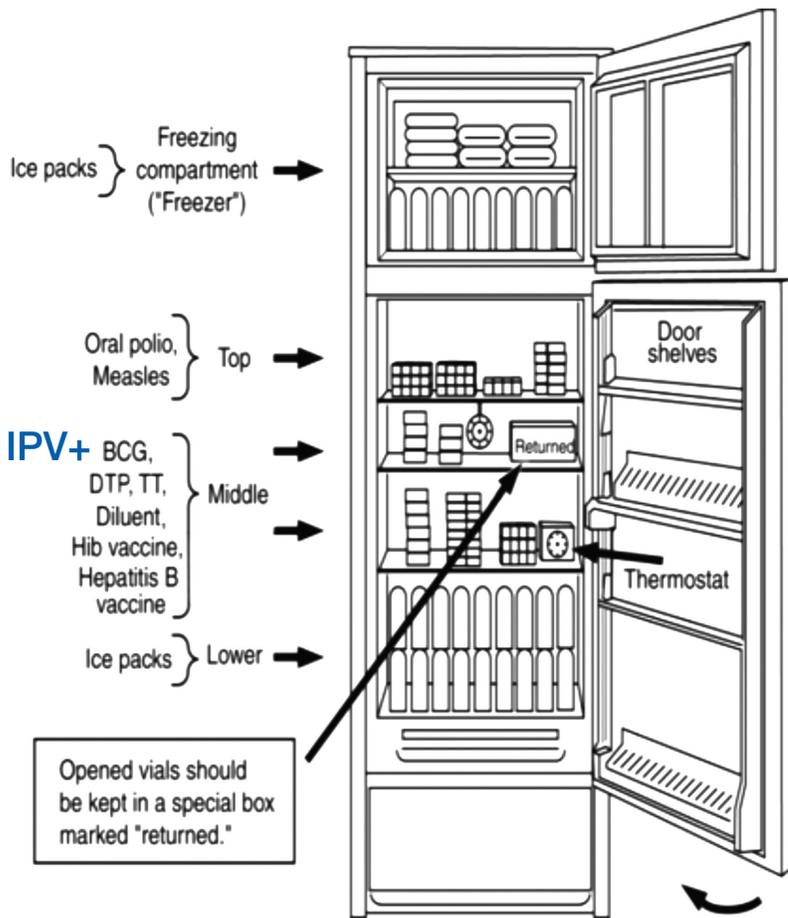
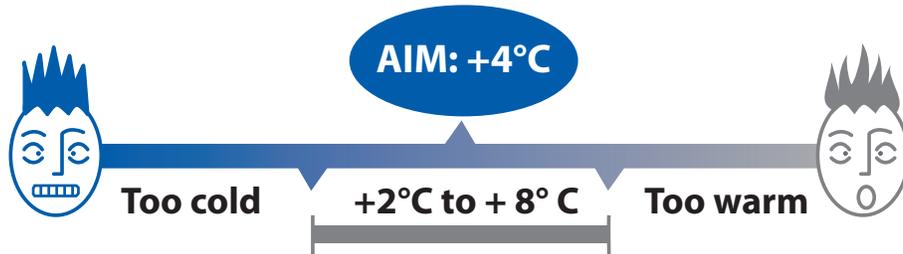


IPV Storing Principles

The “shake test” is not effective in determining whether IPV has been frozen (Because it does not contain an aluminum adjuvant).

Therefore it is very important that if there is any suspicion that IPV has been frozen, the vial must be discarded.



Best practices for storing IPV

- Store IPV in a refrigerator, between +2°C and +8°C
- Do not open the door frequently (no more than 3x/day)
- Monitor and record the fridge temperature twice daily
- Do not put IPV in the freezer
- Maintain the cartons in a neat row
- Keep around 2 cm of space between rows for circulation of air
- In front-opening refrigerators store IPV and other freeze-sensitive vaccines on the center shelves with other freeze-sensitive vaccines.
- In top-opening refrigerators, store IPV and other freeze-sensitive vaccines on the upper shelves.
- Use First Expired First Out (FEFO) Principle

First Expired First Out (FEFO) Principle

- Vaccines with earlier expiration dates should be kept in front and used first
- Vaccines with later expiration dates should be stored in the back

