

## Number of Reported Cases of Chikungunya Fever in the Americas, by Country or Territory 2017 (to week noted) Cumulative cases

Epidemiological Week / EW 17 (Updated as of 28 April 2017)

Country/Territory	Epidemiological Week <sup>a</sup>	Autochthonous transmission cases <sup>b</sup>					Population <sup>e</sup>
		Suspected	Confirmed	Imported cases	Incidence Rate <sup>c</sup>	Deaths <sup>d</sup>	X 1000
North America							
Bermuda	Week				0.0		7
Canada	Week						36,626
Mexico	Week 15		10	0		0	130,223
United States of America	Week 16			5		0	
Subtotal		0	10	5	0.00	0	493,394
Central American Isthmus							
Belize	Week				0.0		374
Costa Rica	Week 12	119			2.43		4,905
El Salvador	Week 15	184	0	0	2.98	0	6,167
Guatemala	Week 14	123			0.72		17,005
Honduras	Week				0.00		8,304
Nicaragua	Week 16	309	8		5.10		6,217
Panama	Week 13	619	3	1	15.35		4,051
Subtotal		1,354	11	1	2.90	0	47,023
Latin Caribbean							
Cuba	Week						11,390
Dominican Republic	Week				0.00		10,766
French Guiana	Week				0.00		282
Guadaloupe	Week				0.00		472
Haiti	Week Week				0.00		10,983
Martinique							396
Puerto Rico	Week 14		7		0.19		3,679
Saint Barthelemy	Week 5	0	0		0.00		7
Saint Martin (French part)	Week 5	0	0		0.00		32
Subtotal		0	7	0	0.02	0	38,007
Andean Area			-	-			
Bolivia	Week 9	539	0	0			11,052
Colombia	Week 14	431	7	0		0	49,067
Ecuador	Week 15		66		0.40		16,625
Peru**	Week 15	482	76		1.73		32,166
Venezuela	Week 13	74	6	0	0.25	0	31,925
Subtotal		1,526	155	0	1.19	0	140,835
Southern Cone							
Argentina	Week 16	0	0		0.00		44,272
Brazil	Week 12	19,634	7,220		12.71	7	211,243
Chile	Week 3	.,	,	1	0.00		18,313
Paraguay*	Week 11	739	2	·	10.88		6,811
	Week 2	133		1	10.00		3,456
Uruguay	vveek 2	20.070	7.000	•	0.74	-	
Subtotal		20,373	7,222	2	9.71	7	284,095
Non-Latin Caribbean							
Anguilla	Week				0.00		17
Antigua and Barbuda	Week				0.00		95
Aruba	Week				0.00		115
Bahamas	Week				0.00		397
Barbados	Week				0.00		292
Cayman Islands	Week				0.00		58
Curacao	Week						149
Dominica	Week				0.00		74
Grenada	Week Week				0.00		111 774
Guyana Jamaica	Week 9		0		0.00		2,813
Montserrat	Week 9		U		0.00		2,013
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Week				0.00		52
Saint Lucia	Week				0.00		164
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Week				0.00		102
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	Week				0.00		42
Suriname	Week				0.00		552
Trinidad and Tobago	Week				0.00		1,369
Turks and Caicos Islands	Week				0.00		1,305
Virgin Islands (UK)	Week				0.00		35
Virgin Islands (US)	Week				0.00		102
Subtotal	MACCU	0	0	0	0.0	0	7,370
TOTAL		23,253	7,405	8	3.03	7	1,010,724
NOTES: only accumulated cases for the year	- 0047	23,233	1,400	ō	3.03		1,010,724

NOTES: only accumulated cases for the year 2017 are presented.

In EW 5 of 2017, the number of suspected (cumulative) cases changed from 2 to 423, because both suspected and probable cases were included. http://vigisalud.gov.py/boletines/03\_03\_2017\_12\_07\_12\_Boletin-Epidemiologico\_SE-5.pdf

"Yon March 3, 2017, the number of suspected cases increased from 175 to 170, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of confirmed cases decreased from 28 to 27, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of confirmed cases decreased from 28 to 27, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On April 20, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 434 to 396 based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 434 to 396 based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of confirmed cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru. On March 17, 2017, the number of suspected cases decreased from 28 to 470, based on the adjustments made by the Ministry of Health of Peru.

f Department of Health data: http://www.salud.gov.pr/Estadisticas-Registros-y-Publicaciones/Pages/Informe-Arboviral.aspx

Data source: Cases reported by IHR NPPs to PAHOWHO and/or through Member States websites or official news publication. Cases reported by CARPHA for non-Latin Caribbean countries, unless other source specified

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Epidemiological Week for which information is available. Changes in the data from week to week should be interpreted by taking into account the differences in surveillance systems.

Suspected case: patient with acute onset of fever >38°C (101°F) and severe arthralgia or arthrifis not explained by other medical conditions, and who resides or has visited epidemic or endemic areas within two weeks prior the onset of the symptoms Confirmed case: a suspected case with any specific CHIK test (viral isolation, RT-PCR, Ig M, or four-fold increase of chikungunya specific antibodies titers) - PAHO/CDC confirmed case definition available at www.paho.org/chikungunya.

Deaths directly or indirectly related to Chikungunya.

Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, World Population Prospects: The 2015 Revision, http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/index.htm, July 2015. International Programs Center, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau. IDB Release Date: December 2013

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The cases correspond to what was notified during the year 2017 and up to the SE 9 because until SE 13 of 2017, the Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance of Guatemala published the data for 2017. http://epidemiologia.mspas.gob.gt/index.php/dos/salas-situacionales/situacion-de-semanas-epidemiologicas-2017

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