Guyana (Ages 13-15)	alobal
Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)	youth tobacco
FACT SHEET · · · · · · · · · · ·	survey

The Guyana GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Guyana could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Guyana GYTS was a school-based survey of students in forms 2-4 conducted in 2010.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Guyana. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the class response rate was 99.0%, the student response rate was 76.7%, and the overall response rate was 75.9%. A total of 1,751 students aged 13-15 participated in the Guyana GYTS.

Prevalence

25.1% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 33.5%, Girl = 17.1%)

- 20.9% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 25.3%, Girl = 16.0%)
- 9.5% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 13.3%, Girl = 5.6%)
- 14.8% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 16.7%, Girl = 12.3%)
- 11.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

37.8% think boys and 22.4% think girls who smoke have more friends 11.0% think boys and 9.3% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

34.7% usually smoke at home

31.2% buy cigarettes in a store

56.8% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 31.8% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 55.0% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 73.9% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 69.5% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 31.6% have one or more parents who smoke
- 5.6% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

81.5% want to stop smoking76.4% tried to stop smoking during the past year73.8% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

77.2% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

56.3% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

58.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

13.7% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

11.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

50.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 33.6% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 47.9% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

More than one in five students currently use any form of tobacco; 9.5% currently smoke cigarettes; 14.8% currently use some other form of tobacco.

- SHS exposure is high over three in 10 students live in homes where others smoke, and more than one-half of the students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; more than three in 10 students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Nearly seven in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost three-quarters of the students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over four in five current smokers want to stop smoking.
- More than one in 10 students have an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Over three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; almost three in five students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and pro-tobacco ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.