Ecuador - Guayaquil (Ages 13-15)	youth
Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)	tobacco
FACT SHEET · · · · · · · · · · · ·	survey

The Ecuador-Guayaquil GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Ecuador-Guayaquil could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Ecuador-Guayaquil GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 8 vo de basica, 9 no de basica, 10 mo de basica and 1ro de bachillerato conducted in 2007. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all Ecuador-Guayaquil. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 89.9% and the overall response rate was 89.9%. A total of 1,565 students aged 13-15 participated in the Ecuador-Guayaquil GYTS.

#### Prevalence

32.3% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 39.5%, Girls = 25.2%) 20.4% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 23.1%, Girls = 16.8%) 12.2% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 13.6%, Girls = 9.7%) 11.8% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 13.9%, Girls = 9.4%)

19.2% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

#### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

13.2% think boys and 21.1% think girls who smoke have more friends 10.0% think boys and 8.5% think girls who smoke look more attractive

#### Access and Availability - Current Smokers

24.9% usually smoke at home

31.3% buy cigarettes in a store

57.1% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

## Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

28.3% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

41.6% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

87.3% think smoking should be banned from public places

69.8% think smoke from others is harmful to them

36.1% have one or more parents who smoke

12.3% have most or all friends who smoke

## **Cessation - Current Smokers**

54.4% want to stop smoking55.5% tried to stop smoking during the past year74.9% have ever received help to stop smoking

## Media and Advertising

84.0% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

76.4% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

75.9% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

13.6% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

16.9% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

65.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 26.3% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 54.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

# Highlights

- One in 5 students currently smoke cigarettes; 12.2% of students use other tobacco products; and nearly 2 in 10 never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year.
- SHS exposure is moderate almost 3 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke; over 4 in 10 students are exposed to smoke of others outside their home; more than one-third have one or more parents who smoke.
- Nearly 7 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Close to 9 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over half of current smokers want to stop smoking.
- More than 1 in 10 students was offered a free cigarette by a tobacco company representative.
- Over 8 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; three-quarters of students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.