# Mexico - Leon (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . .

The Mexico - Leon GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Mexico - Leon could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Mexico - Leon GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 1, 2 and 3 conducted in 2005.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Mexico - Leon. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 88.6%, and the overall response rate was 88.6%. A total of 1,530 students aged 13-15 participated in the Mexico - Leon GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

54.7% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 63.6%, Girl = 46.1%)

26.1% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 31.4%, Girl = 20.7%)

24.2% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 30.4%, Girl = 18.3%)

7.1% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 7.4%, Girl = 6.8%)

26.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

23.0% think boys and 35.4% think girls who smoke have more friends 13.7% think boys and 25.5% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### Access and Availability - Current Smokers

11.0% usually smoke at home

45.2% buy cigarettes in a store

42.4% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

### **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

49.7% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

58.9% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

88.8% think smoking should be banned from public places

72.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them

48.5% have one or more parents who smoke

58.4% have most or all friends who smoke

#### Cessation - Current Smokers

60.2% want to stop smoking

67.3% tried to stop smoking during the past year

70.8% have ever received help to stop smoking

## **Media and Advertising**

86.2% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

88.8% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

74.5% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

12.7% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

10.9% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

59.6% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

34.6% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

53.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

## **Highlights**

- 26.1% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 24.2% currently smoke cigarettes; 7.1% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high half the students live in homes where others smoke, and 6 in 10 students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; nearly half the students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Over 7 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Close to 9 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Six in 10 current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 8 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Over 4 in 5 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; nearly 9 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and three-quarters saw pro-tobacco ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.