Trinidad & Tobago (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



The Trinidad & Tobago GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Trinidad & Tobago could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Trinidad & Tobago GYTS was a school-based survey of students in forms 1-4 conducted in 2007. A two-stage

cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Trinidad & Tobago. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 99.3%, the student response rate was 74.5%, and the overall response rate was 74.0%. A total of 1,802 students aged 13-15 participated in the Trinidad & Tobago GYTS.

Prevalence

34.4% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 37.3%, Boy = 29.9%)

19.9% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 20.8%, Boy = 17.8%)

12.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 14.7%, Boy = 10.3%)

8.9% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 8.9%, Boy = 8.7%)

14.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

29.9% think boys and 14.9% think girls who smoke have more friends 8.9% think boys and 4.1% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

46.3% usually smoke at home 26.5% buy cigarettes in a store

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

40.1% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

64.2% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

80.9% think smoking should be banned from public places

77.5% think smoke from others is harmful to them

32.7% have one or more parents who smoke

5.5% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

83.4% want to stop smoking

79.7% tried to stop smoking during the past year

73.1% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

86.7% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

74.3% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

70.0% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

11.8% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

4.9% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

44.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

26.9% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

42.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 19.9% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 12.9% of the students currently smoke cigarettes; 8.9% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high 2 in 5 students live in homes where others smoke, and nearly two-thirds of the students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; almost one-third of the students have one or more parents who smoke.
- Three-quarters of the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Eight in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over 4 in 5 current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 8 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- More than 4 in 5 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; close to threequarters of the students saw procigarette ads in the past 30 days.