# Argentina - Capital Federal (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . . .

The Argentina - Capital Federal GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Argentina - Capital Federal could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Argentina - Capital Federal GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> secondary, 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> EGB, and 1st conducted in 2003.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Argentina - Capital Federal. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 91.7%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 82.0%, and the overall response rate was 75.2%. A total of 1,295 students aged 13-15 participated in the Argentina - Capital Federal GYTS.

### **Prevalence**

- 51.1% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 48.0%, Girl = 54.3%)
- 24.9% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 22.4%, Girl = 27.5%)
- 21.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 17.2%, Girl = 26.8%)
- 6.2% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 9.2%, Girl = 3.2%)
- 27.0% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

10.0% think boys and 8.9% think girls who smoke have more friends 14.9% think boys and 10.9% think girls who smoke look more attractive

# **Access and Availability - Current Smokers**

7.9% usually smoke at home

63.4% buy cigarettes in a store

88.0% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

### **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

61.1% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

82.7% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

65.8% think smoking should be banned from public places

58.0% think smoke from others is harmful to them

56.8% have one or more parents who smoke

21.6% have most or all friends who smoke

#### **Cessation - Current Smokers**

43.0% want to stop smoking

48.1% tried to stop smoking during the past year

56.7% have ever received help to stop smoking

# **Media and Advertising**

73.9% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

89.5% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

84.5% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

14.0% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

12.6% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

18.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

12.3% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

10.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

# **Highlights**

- 24.9% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 21.9% currently smoke cigarettes; 6.2% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high 6 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke, and more than 8 in 10 students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; over half the students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Six in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Nearly two-thirds of the students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over 2 in 5 current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 7 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Close to three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; 9 in 10 students saw procigarette ads on billboards and over 4 in 5 saw pro-tobacco ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.