# Bahamas (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



**FACT SHEET** 

The Bahamas GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Bahamas could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Bahamas GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 8, 9, 10 and 11 conducted in 2000.

representative data for Bahamas. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 92.0%, the class response rate was 98.8%, the student response rate was 75.2%, and the overall response rate was 68.3%. A total of 1,174 students aged 13-15 participated in the Bahamas GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

28.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 32.1%, Girl = 25.3%)

16.0% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 20.0%, Girl = 12.6%)

7.1% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 8.6%, Girl = 5.3%)

11.8% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 14.7%, Girl = 9.3%)

16.9% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

#### Knowledge and Attitudes

35.7% think boys and 15.4% think girls who smoke have more friends 8.3% think boys and 4.2% think girls who smoke look more attractive

## **Access and Availability - Current Smokers**

35.0% usually smoke at home

21.7% buy cigarettes in a store

47.4% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

## Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

28.7% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

51.2% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

64.5% think smoking should be banned from public places

64.8% think smoke from others is harmful to them

25.9% have one or more parents who smoke

6.1% have most or all friends who smoke

#### Cessation - Current Smokers

59.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

## Media and Advertising

83.1% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

64.8% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

62.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

14.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

10.8% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

52.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 37.7% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 48.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

## **Highlights**

- 16.0% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 7.1% currently smoke cigarettes; 11.8% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high -3 in 10students live in homes where others smoke, and half of the students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; one-quarter of the students have at least one parent who smokes.
- More than 3 in 5 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 6 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- One in 7 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on
- More than 4 in 5 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; over 6 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards or in newspapers and magazines in the past 30 days.