Guyana (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Guyana GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Guyana could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Guyana GYTS was a school-based survey of students in forms II, III and IV conducted in 2000.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Guyana. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 86.0%, the class response rate was 97.8%, the student response rate was 72.1%, and the overall response rate was 60.6%. A total of 603 students aged 13-15 participated in the Guyana GYTS.

Prevalence

26.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 34.0%, Girl = 21.9%)

15.3% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 21.6%, Girl = 11.1%)

8.2% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 11.3%, Girl = 6.4%)

8.4% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 13.0%, Girl = 5.2%)

11.2% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

29.8% think boys and 15.2% think girls who smoke have more friends 7.3% think boys and 5.8% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

65.2% usually smoke at home 25.6% buy cigarettes in a store

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

31.6% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

61.0% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

76.1% think smoking should be banned from public places

67.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

33.1% have one or more parents who smoke

4.2% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

62.4% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

82.6% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

81.0% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

81.1% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

17.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

11.1% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

45.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

31.0% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

47.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 15.3% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 8.2% currently smoke cigarettes; 8.4% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high 3 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke, and 3 in 5 students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; one-third of the students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Nearly 7 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over three-quarters of the students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- One 1 in 6 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- More than 8 in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; 3 in 5 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.