Saint Lucia (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Saint Lucia GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Saint Lucia could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Saint Lucia GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 6 through 9 and forms 1 through 4 conducted in 2000.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Saint Lucia. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 86.2%, and the overall response rate was 86.2%. A total of 1,068 students aged 13-15 participated in the Saint Lucia GYTS.

Prevalence

34.7% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 41.7%, Girl = 29.6%)

13.4% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 15.8%, Girl = 11.0%)

9.5% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 11.5%, Girl = 7.9%)

7.1% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 9.0%, Girl = 5.2%)

13.2% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

36.4% think boys and 19.9% think girls who smoke have more friends 10.6% think boys and 8.4% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

39.4% usually smoke at home 14.8% buy cigarettes in a store

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

26.9% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

58.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

79.5% think smoking should be banned from public places

76.7% think smoke from others is harmful to them

31.4% have one or more parents who smoke

7.6% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

74.5% want to stop smoking

75.9% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

81.7% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

64.4% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

55.0% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

17.5% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

11.2% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

54.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

39.1% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

49.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 13.4% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 9.5% currently smoke cigarettes; 7.1% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high more than one-quarter of the students live in homes where others smoke, and close to 3 in 5 students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; over 3 in 10 students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Three-quarters of the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Eight in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Three-quarters of the current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 6 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Over 4 in 5 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; more than 3 in 5 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and over half saw pro-tobacco ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.