Guide for Documenting Health Promotion Initiatives

PAHO Health Promotion Effectiveness Working Group

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Working Group Members and PAHO/WHO Collaborating Centers that contributed to this document (in alphabetical order):

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Center for Health Promotion (University of Toronto, Canada)

Center for Health Promotion Research (Center for Community Health Promotion Research, University of Victoria, Canada)

Center for Evaluation, Training and Advocacy in Health Promotion (CEDETES, Center for Development and Evaluation of Public Health Policies and Technologies, University of Valle, Cali, Colombia)

Center for Healthy Cities (Indiana University, USA)

Center for Healthy Cities and Health Promotion (CEPEDOC - Center for Study, Research and Documentation in Healthy Cities, University of São Paulo, Brazil)

National Institute of Public Health/Mexican School of Public Health (Mexico)

The United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion)

WHO Collaborating Center for Healthy Cities and Towns (Quebec, Canada)

Workgroup for Community Health Development (University of Kansas, USA)

Representatives from the Area of Sustainable Development and Environmental Health and Area of Health Surveillance, Disease Prevention and Control of PAHO.

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Introduction

The objective of this Guide is to provide a simple, standard format to support the documentation of health promotion programs, projects, initiatives, activities or efforts to create conditions that promote health and health equity. This documentation effort will help expand the evidence base for the effectiveness of health promotion activities and projects that are taking place worldwide. This Guide can also be useful to:

- 1. Provide guidance on what information should be collected on health promotion initiatives
- 2. Promote sharing of experiences and materials developed so the initiatives can be adapted and applied by others, as applicable
- 3. Facilitate empowerment of the initiative's participants by helping them understand the initiative within the context of health promotion
- 4. Support capacity building efforts for those involved in the initiative
- 5. Aid advocacy and resource mobilization activities
- 6. Create opportunities for critical reflection on the initiative and health promotion processes

By completing and submitting this form, there is a possibility that:

- Your initiative will be posted on PAHO's Web Page
- You might gain voice with current and potential funders
- You might increase your likelihood of publishing in a peer-review journal
- Your initiative may be adapted by and inform the implementation of other initiatives

When addressing the questions in this Guide, please:

- · Use brief sentences and paragraphs (using the headings and blank spaces provided)
- · Be consistent with the times used to describe activities (i.e. future, past, or current activities)
- · Annex a glossary of terms and acronyms, as well as references when other programs, techniques, or documents are mentioned in your responses

Detailed instructions are provided in the accompanying <u>Guidelines to Complete the Health Promotion</u> <u>Documentation Guide</u>. Definitions are provided in the <u>Glossary</u> to assist you in answering the guestions.

If you are willing to share your documentation with others, please send the completed Guide and any related reports or digital images to: Marilyn Rice, Pan American Health

Organization, E-Mail address: hpd@moss.paho.org by clicking the submit form button.

We are very grateful to you for taking the time to complete this guide. The information you provide is very important to health promotion practitioners the world over.

CONTACT INFORMATION

1.	Submission date of this report	
2.	Your Contact Information	
	Name	
	Position	
	Organization	
	Address	
	City	State/Province/Department
	Zip Code	Country
	Phone No.	Fax No.
	Email	
3.	Name Position	ation
	Organization	
	Address	
	City	State/Province/Department
	Zip Code	Country
	Phone No.	Fax No.
	Email	Website
4.	Contact information partner /involved organizati	ons
	Position	
	Organization	
	Address	
	City	State/Province/Department
	Zip Code	Country
	Phone No.	Fax No.
	Email	Website

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Position	
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Address	
City	State/Province/Department
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Phone No.	Fax No.
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<u>l</u>	Website
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Position	
Organization	
Address	
	State/Province/Department
City Zin Codo	State/Province/Department
Zip Code	Country
Phone No.	Fax No.
Email	Wahrita

Website

	INITIATIVE SUMMARY
Title / name	of the initiative
Purpose(s) o	or objective(s)
Issues ad	dressed by the initiative
Expected o	utcome(s)/result(s)
Time frame	
Start Date	End Date/Projected End Date Ongoing/Continuous
Comments	
Stage of I	mplementation

10.	Geographic coverage	Country
	Check applicable geographic divi	sion List all areas where the initiative is being or has been implemented
	Province/State/Region	
	City/Town/Municipality	
	Village/Community/ Neighbourhood	
11.	In what setting is/was the init	iative being implemented?
	Check applicable setting	Name of setting or description
	Community	
	University	
	School	
	☐ Hospital	
	Community Center	
	Workplace	
	Religious institution	
	Health & Wellness Centers	
	Law enforcement/Judicial	
	Population-specific support services	
	☐ Virtual community	
	Government/executive/ decision making body	
	Other Please state	

GENERAL CONTEXT

	population profile)	
Population hea	alth profile	
Political contex	ct	
Socio-econom	ic conditions	
Socio-cultural		
Citizenship -leve	el of participation of various stakeholders (i.e. individuals, community, local authorities, gencies, private sector)	
uoverrinerit at	gencies, private sector)	

emography (population profile)				
opulation health profile				
olitical context				
ocio-economic conditions				
ocio-cultural				
tizenship - level of participation of vari	ous stakeholders (i.e. in	dividuals, community, loca	l authorities,	
overnment agencies, private sector)				

,	heck all that apply and explain briefly.	
In response to an unmet need		
In response to a crisis		
In response to an opportunity		
In response to a political request		
In response to citizen/ community action		
In response to a funding opportunity		
Initiated by an individual on behalf of an organization		
Other (please state)		
Was the design of this initiative of	guided by any strategies/models	□ No
or frameworks?		Yes (please describe below)

16.	What was/is the budge	et for the initiative/What funds were available for this initiative?	
	Start up	\$	
	Annual	\$ Currency	
	Total (if completed)	\$	
17.	What were/are the sou Government Fundraising Agency budget NGO Private Sector Donor	s	
	Other	Amount \$ Please state who Amount \$	
18.	Describe any non-fina (including community	ncial resources that were made available to implement the initiative y assets).	
	Human		
	Material		
	Other Please state		

Yes	☐ No	If not, what were/are the challenges?	
Vere/are the non-fi	nancial resources provided fo	or this initiative adequate to accomplish the expected i	resul
Vere/are the non-fi	nancial resources provided fo	or this initiative adequate to accomplish the expected of the life of the challenges?	resul
			resul

V

PROCESS/PARTNERSHIPS

Who were/ are the key partners involved in this initiative (people, organizations, institutions), and what were/are their main roles and responsibilities?

NAME	MAIN ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Vere new partnerships developed during the	□ No	☐ Yes	
Vere new partnerships developed during the mplementation of the initiatives?		☐ Yes nom, why and how. Pleas	e describe b
Vere new partnerships developed during the mplementation of the initiatives?			e describe b
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Vere new partnerships developed during the mplementation of the initiatives?			e describe b

V	П	ST	TRATEGIES	
24.	What strategies have been/are being used	d to achieve t	the results/outcomes thus far? (check all tha	at apply)
	Participation (stakeholder/target audience)	(go to A)	Advocacy	(go to F)
	Partnerships/collaboration/intersectoral action	(go to B)	Building leadership	(go to G)
	Empowerment/Capacity Building	(go to C)	Creating supportive environments	(go to H)
	Public Policy	(go to D)	Improve access to resources/ services	(go to I)
	Communications and Public Relations	(go to E)	Other Strategies not identified above	_e (go to J)
A. P	articipation (stakeholder/target au	dience)		
Wer	re there previous experiences with social par	ticipation and	l/or mobilization in this setting or with this pop	oulation?
Wha	at was done to get people involved and to pa	articipate?		
	3-1			
How	v long did it take before people started partic	ipating?		
Wha	at challenges did the initiative face in mobiliz	ing participati	on?	

or each challenge what was done to overcome it?	
hat was achieved through participation?	
hat process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Describe the type of partnerships that were established during this initiative.	
hat strategies helped to develop and maintain these partnerships?	
ow long did it take to develop these partnerships, and how long have they been maintained?	

	allenges did the initiative face to develop and maintain these partnerships?	
hat w	s achieved through these partnerships?	
hat ev	aluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	

	to build capacity a	t the individual l	evel?		
/hat was done	to build capacity a	t the community	/ level?		
/hat was done	to build capacity a	it the organizatio	onal level?		

What leadership evolved as a result of this empow	wermeni/capacity building strategy?	
d these efforts bring about change?	Yes, please explain below	
ow long did it take to create change by using this	s strategy?	

hat was achieved by building capacity? That evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	
hat evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	
hat evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	
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hat evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	

what was the process to develop new policies or change existing policies?	old the initiative escribe.	e contributed to the development or modification of any public policy? If yes, please list and briefly
	/hat was the r	rocess to develop new policies or change existing policies?
ow long did it take for these public policy changes to occur?	mat was the p	recess to develop new penelod of change exicting penelod.
ow long did it take for these public policy changes to occur?		
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that was achieved through these changes in public policy? That evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	mat Graneriyes ur	d the initiative face when developing or cha	anging these public policies:
hat evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	hat was achieved	through these changes in public policy?	
hat evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?			
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hat evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?			
	hat evaluation pro	cess was used to measure the effectivene	ess of this strategy?

E. Communications and Public Relations How was information about the initiative given to and received from people involved in implementing the project? How was information about the initiative given to and received from intended participants/partners? Which communication tools/methods were most useful and why?

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Which communication	on tools were least useful and why?
hat challenges did ldressed?	I the initiative face that relate to communicating and sharing knowledge, and how were they
hat was achieved	through communication and knowledge transfer?

/hat evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	
Advocacy	
nat advocacy activities were carried out during the initiative?	
and the control of the control	
w were these advocacy activities carried out?	

Nhat	challenges did the initiative face that relate to advocacy, and how were they addressed?
/hat	was achieved through these advocacy efforts?
'hat	evaluation process was used to measure the effectiveness of this strategy?

G. Building leadership

Did the initiative	e use any pre-existing leadership structure (coalitions, committees, community groups)? Please explain.
What was the l	eadership structure used or set up to implement and maintain this initiative?
How did this lea	adership develop and evolve?
Was the leader	ship structure effective for the implementation of the initiative?
☐ Yes	
What worked and why	
did it work?	
□ No □	
What did	
& why?	

	acilitated the sustainabil	lity/ continuation of the initiative? Please explain how.	
hat evaluation process was	used to measure the eff	fectiveness of the leadership structure?	
Creating supportive	onvironmonts		
		It of the initiative?	
ere any supportive environ			
ere any supportive environ		Yes (if yes please explain briefly below)	
		Yes (if yes please explain briefly below)	
		Yes (if yes please explain briefly below)	
ere any supportive environ		☐ Yes (if yes please explain briefly below)	
		Yes (if yes please explain briefly below)	
		Yes (if yes please explain briefly below)	
		Yes (if yes please explain briefly below)	

low were these su	pportive environments	created?			
/hat challenges di	d the initiative face in c	reating supportive o	unvironments and h	now were they addre	esed?
Tiat Challenges ui		Teaming supportive e			
ow long did it take	e to create the supportive	ve environments?			

/hat was ach	ieved through creating supportive environmen	nts?
nat evaluati		easure the effectiveness and follow the process of
veloping he	althy settings?	·
	access to resources/ services	
nat improve	ments were made to increase access to resor	urces/services?

low v	were these ch	ianges made	?						
/hat	challenges d	id the initiativ	e face that	relate to imr	roving acces	s to resourc	es and how	were they a	ddressed?
hat	was achieved	d by increasi	ng access to	resources?	?				

۷h	at evaluation process was used to	measure the effectiveness of this strategy?	
	Other strategies not mentioned:		
	Please specify strategy(s) used		
- e	ase describe and give an analysis	similar to the other strategies.	
_			

List and de	scribe any oth	er actions/ stra	ategies that co	ontributed posi	tively or negativ	vely to this init	iative
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List and de	scribe any oth	er actions/ stra	ategies that co	ontributed posi	tively or negativ	vely to this init	iative

OUTCOMES

27.	What are the notable achievements/results/ outcomes f	rom this initiative (list in bullet format)?
28.	Which Millennium Development Goal(s) Plus did the init (check all that apply and explain briefly)	tiative contribute to, if any?
	☐ 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger	
	☐ 2. Achieve universal primary education	
	3. Promote gender equality and empower women	
	4. Develop a global partnership for development	

28.	(check all that apply and explain briefly)	Plus did the initiative contribute to, ii any?
	☐ 5. Improve maternal health	
	6. Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and diseases	other
	☐ 7. Reduce child mortality	
	☐ 8. Ensure environmental sustainab	pility
	☐ MDG + Combat Chronic Non Com	municable Diseases and their risk factors
	☐ Violence & injury prevention	
	Road traffic injuries	
	Tobacco use and exposure to second hand smoke	
	Abuse of alcohol and other substances	
	Unhealthy diet and obesity	
	Physical inactivity	
	☐ Hearing & visual impairment	
	Mental health	
	☐ Disabilities/rehabilitation	
	☐ Other	

29.	At what levels did	the initiative make changes? (check all that apply and describe briefly)	
	Individual		
	Community		
	Policy		
	Organizations and Institutions		
30.	Which change wa	is most important and why?	
30.	willen change wa	s most important and why:	
			39

Yes. W	hat enabled the	initiative to be su	ıstainable/ conti	nued?		
S	e evaluation pro	cess used to me	asure and imp	rove the initiative	es progress	
Jescribe th						
Describe th						
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Describe th						
Describe th						

Planning			
mplementation			

valuation			
ıstainability			

Glossary

- **Action planning and evaluation:** The systems and structures for organizing community activities oriented to social/political change, with an emphasis on evaluation as a means of influencing change rather than assessing success.
- **Advocacy for health:** A combination of individual and social actions designed to gain political commitment, policy support, social acceptance and systems support for a particular health goal or programme (WHO, 1998).
- **Alliance:** An alliance for health promotion is a *partnership* between two or more parties that pursue a set of agreed upon goals in *health promotion* (WHO, 1998).
- **Capacity building:** Capacity building is the development of knowledge, skills, commitment, structures, systems and leadership to enable effective health promotion. It involves actions to improve health at three levels: the advancement of knowledge and skills among practitioners; the expansion of support and infrastructure for health promotion in organizations, and; the development of cohesiveness and partnerships for health in communities (WHO, 2005).
- **Community:** A specific group of people, often living in a defined geographical area, who share a common culture, values and norms, are arranged in a social structure according to relationships which the community has developed over a period of time. Members of a community gain their personal and social identity by sharing common beliefs, values and norms which have been developed by the community in the past and may be modified in the future. They exhibit some awareness of their identity as a group, and share common needs and a commitment to meeting them (WHO, 1998).
- **Critical dialogue**: Well-planned, somewhat structured, always purposive discussion that creates opportunities for critical thinking and reflection that results in the creation of new ways of understanding.
- **Critical reflection and systematic monitoring:** Means of systematically and collectively capturing the learning and adjusting activities as the initiative proceeds.
- **Determinants of health:** The range of personal, social, economic and environmental factors which determine the *health status* of individuals or populations (WHO, 1998).
- **Effectiveness:** The extent to which an organization, policy, program or initiative is meeting its expected results; the "impact", "contribution", or "degree" to which the program meets its stated objectives in terms of community capacity building and health status.
- **Empowerment for health:** In health promotion, empowerment is a process through which people gain greater control over decisions and actions affecting their health (WHO, 1998).
- **Equity in health:** Equity means fairness. Equity in health means that people's needs guide the distribution of opportunities for well-being (WHO, 1998).
- **Evolving leadership:** Conscious strategies to develop leadership skills and opportunities as a means of building community capacity.
- **Faces, Voices and Places:** This is an effort to build political will at the highest level while at the same time providing technical assistance to address the social and economic determinants of health at the local level. It advocates for the most vulnerable populations and helps build citizenship with a focus on shar5ed rights and responsibilities. This is achieved through intersectoral and interagency collaboration that unites efforts and commitment toward the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals.

Glossary

- Health: Health is defined in the WHO constitution of 1948 as: A state of complete physical, social and mental well-being, and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity. Within the context of health promotion, health has been considered less as an abstract state and more as a means to an end which can be expressed in functional terms as a resource which permits people to lead an individually, socially and economically productive life. Health is a resource for everyday life, not the object of living. It is a positive concept emphasizing social and personal resources as well as physical capabilities (WHO, 1998).
- **Health behavior:** Any activity undertaken by an individual, regardless of actual or perceived *health status*, for the purpose of promoting, protecting or maintaining *health*, whether or not such behavior is objectively effective towards that end (WHO, 1998).
- **Health promotion:** Health promotion is the process of enabling people to increase control over, and to improve their health (WHO, 1998).
- **Health promotion outcomes:** Health promotion outcomes are changes to personal characteristics and skills, and/ or social norms and actions, and/or organizational practices and public policies which are attributable to a *health promotion* activity (WHO, 1998).
- **Intersectoral collaboration:** A recognized relationship between part or parts of different sectors of society which has been formed to take action on an issue to achieve *health outcomes* or *intermediate health outcomes* in a way which is more effective, efficient or sustainable than might be achieved by the *health sector* acting alone (WHO, 1998).
- **Meaningful participation of stakeholders:** Ways of making community based interventions (CBI) stakeholders full and equal partners. Participation processes that are shaped by the real interests, feelings and values of the participants create opportunities for stakeholders to discover personal meaning in CBI.
- Millennium Development Goals Plus: The eight Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) which range from halving extreme poverty to halting the spread of HIV/AIDS and providing universal primary education, all by the target date of 2015 form a blueprint agreed to by all the world's countries and all the world's leading development institutions. They have galvanized unprecedented efforts to meet the needs of the world's poorest populations. However, plus has been included as there may be other more pressing priorities that countries need to address such as violence, environmental issues, chronic diseases, etc.
 - Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger
 - 2. Achieve universal primary education
 - 3. Promote gender equality and empower women
 - 4. Reduce child mortality
 - 5. Improve maternal health
 - 6. Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases
 - 7. Ensure environmental stainability
 - 8. Develop a global partnership for development

Partnership for health promotion: A partnership for health promotion is a voluntary agreement between two or more partners to work cooperatively towards a set of shared *health outcomes* (WHO, 1998).

References

- 1. World Health Organization (1998) Health Promotion Glossary. WHO, Geneva.
- 2. Smith, B.J., Tang, K.C., Nutbeam, D. (2006) WHO Health Promotion Glossary: new terms. *Health*

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- 3. UN Millennium Development Goals. http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/
- 4. http://www.paho.org/mdg/

This report contains the views of the authors and does not necessarily represent the stated policy of the Pan American Health Organization (PAHO)